

**AWARENESS CAMPAIGN ON THE IMPORTANCE
OF IMPLEMENTING SIS AND EES – ROFSIB20220S2A14P03**

Beneficiary: General Directorate of European Affairs, Schengen and International Relations



PROCESSING PERSONAL DATA IN THE ENTRY / EXIT SYSTEM

WHAT IS THE ENTRY / EXIT SYSTEM?

Starting with 2023, EES shall register **the date, hour and place of entry and exit** for third country nationals (TCN) crossing the borders of the member states through any authorised border crossing point (including from Romania). Also, it shall **calculate the duration of authorised stay** of the TCN and shall **generate alerts** for the competent authorities, when the authorised stay of the TCN has expired.

The refusal of entry of TCN whose entry for a short stay has been refused shall also be registered by the system, regardless of the member state that took the decision.

Third country national (TCN) = any person which is not a citizen of the Union, except for persons enjoying the right of free movement equivalent to that of Union citizens.

WHICH AUTHORITIES HAVE ACCESS TO THE ENTRY / EXIT SYSTEM?

Access to data from the system may be granted, under conditions expressly provided, **to designated authorities**, responsible for the prevention, detection or investigation of terrorist offences or other serious criminal offences.

EES offers to the authorities **information about:**

- Identity data;
- Biometric data (fingerprints and facial image);
- Data concerning the travel document;
- Data concerning the visa;
- Data related to travels;
- Data on the refusal of entry.

Carriers use a dedicated web service, to verify if TCN they are transporting have already used the number of authorized entries granted by their visa

ATTENTION!

You may access the dedicated web service allowing you, based on information related to the travel document and the date of entry or the intended date of exit, to verify if you are within the authorized duration of stay or not and, if the case may be, what is the remaining duration of authorized stay.

WHICH AUTHORITIES HAVE ACCESS TO EES?

EES supports the activities of:

- border authorities, of those responsible for immigration and visa issues;
- authorities responsible for the prevention, detection or investigation of terrorist offences or other serious criminal offences.

WHAT DATA ARE AVAILABLE IN EES?

Personal data are processed in EES every time a **third country national** crosses the border.

The types of data that might be collected and processed in EES are those indicated in Regulation EU 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2017 establishing an Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data and refusal of entry data of third-country nationals crossing the external borders of the Member States and determining the conditions for access to the EES for law enforcement purposes, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and Regulations (EC) No 767/2008 and (EU) No 1077/2011.

EES is an information system relying on the **collection of alphanumeric data** (such as surname, first name, date of birth etc.) and **of biometric data** (facial image and four fingerprints), as provided for in articles 15-20 of Regulation no. 2017/2226.

WHAT ARE YOUR RIGHTS?

Processing data in EES is performed in line with the European and national data protection rules

The rights of access, correction and erasure of personal data in the framework of data processing in EES **is to be exercised according to:**

- **Law** on setting up the framework for rendering operational at national level of the Entry/Exit System and of the European Travel Information and Authorisation System;
- **Regulation (EU) 2016/679** of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation);
- **Law no. 190/2018** on measures implementing **Regulation (EU) 2016/679** of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation), with latest amendments;
- **Law no. 363/2018** on the protection of natural persons against the processing of personal data by the competent authorities for the purpose of prevention, detection, investigation, prosecution and countering of criminal offences or the execution of criminal, education and safety penalties and their free movement.

EES guarantees your right:

- **to have access the data concerning you:** you may see if your data are recorded or not in EES;
- **to ask for the correction of inaccurate data:** you may ask for the correction of erroneous data in EES;
- **to ask for the erasure of data illegally stored in the system:** you may ask for the erasure of data, if this is allowed by law.

ATTENTION!

The requests to correct and/or erase data mandatorily have to include the personal data whose correction and/or erasure is asked.

identity (with a copy of an identity document).

WHAT IS THE PROCEDURE FOR EXERCISING YOUR RIGHTS?

The exercise of legal rights concerning the processing of personal data in EES is done **according to art. 52 of Regulation no. 2017/2226**

The requests (<https://www.politiadefrontiera.ro/en/main/pg-protection-of-personal-data-44.html>) for personal data processing of data subjects may be transmitted to the **General Inspectorate of Border Police** by any means (mail, including electronic, fax, by personal appearance).

You will receive an answer within **30 or 60* days at most** from submitting the request, taking into account the complexity and the number of requests.

* The deadline is different depending on the legislation applicable to the content of the request, respectively if EU Regulation no. 679/2016 or Law no. 363/2018 is relevant.

Information provided to such requests is free of charge, except for manifestly unfounded and excessive requests.

Following a request for access, correction or erasure, you will be informed about the measures that have been approved for you to exercise them.

the national law enforcement authorities are processing personal data and ensures, in the same time, that the rights of data subjects are observed

You have the possibility to file a complaint to the data protection supervisory authority or to address a court of law, according to Law no. 554/2004 on the administrative law, if you are not satisfied with the answer received to your access, correction or erasure request, or for obtaining compensations for an alert concerning you.



**Project financed from the Internal Security Fund
– Borders and Visa component**



Fondul pentru Securitate Internă

MINISTERUL AFACERILOR INTERNE



DIRECȚIA FONDURI EXTERNE NERAMBURSABILE
AUTORITATE RESPONSABILĂ

MINISTERUL AFACERILOR INTERNE



DIRECȚIA GENERALĂ AFACERI EUROPENE,
SCHENGEN ȘI RELAȚII INTERNAȚIONALE

CAMPANIE DE CONȘTIENTIZARE PRIVIND IMPORTANȚA IMPLEMENTĂRII SIS ȘI EES - ROFSIB20220S2A14P03

Beneficiar: Direcția Generală Afaceri Europene, Schengen și Relații Internaționale

PRELUCRAREA DATELOR CU CARACTER PERSONAL ÎN SISTEMUL DE INTRARE / IEȘIRE



<https://www.derstandard.at/story/2000075639265/flughafen-zuerich-will-automatische-passkontrolle-ausbauen>

Proiect finanțat prin Fondul pentru Securitate Internă
- componenta Frontiere și Vize

CE ESTE SISTEMUL DE INTRARE / IEȘIRE?

Un sistem modern, mai eficient de gestionare a frontierelor, care va înlocui ștampilarea manuală a pașapoartelor în cea mai mare parte a Europei.

Sistemul de Intrare / Ieșire se va aplica cetățenilor din afara UE care călătoresc în țări europene ce folosesc sistemul EES pentru o ședere scurtă (adică până la 90 de zile într-o perioadă de 180 de zile), indiferent dacă au sau nu nevoie de o viză de scurtă ședere. Există câteva excepții. Refuzurile de intrare vor fi de asemenea înregistrate în sistem.

Țările europene care vor utiliza EES sunt: Austria, Belgia, Bulgaria, Republica Cehă, Danemarca, Estonia, Finlanda, Franța, Germania, Grecia, Ungaria, Islanda, Italia, Letonia, Liechtenstein, Lituania, Luxemburg, Malta, Țările de Jos, Norvegia, Polonia, Portugalia, România, Slovacia, Slovenia, Spania, Suedia, Elveția și Croația.

În Cipru și Irlanda, pașapoartele vor continua să fie ștampilate manual.



<https://epthinktank.eu/2017/10/19/smart-borders-eu-entryexit-system-plenary-podcast/>

CE DATE SUNT DISPONIBILE ÎN EES?

EES este un sistem de informații care se bazează pe **colectarea de date alfanumerice** (precum numele, prenumele, data nașterii etc.) și de **date biometrice** (imaginea facială și patru amprente).

ATENȚIE!

Dumneavoastră veți putea accesa serviciul web special creat, ce vă va permite ca, pe baza unor informații legate de documentul de călătorie și data de intrare sau de ieșire preconizată, **să verificați dacă vă aflați sau nu în durata autorizată de ședere și, dacă este cazul, durata rămasă de ședere autorizată.**

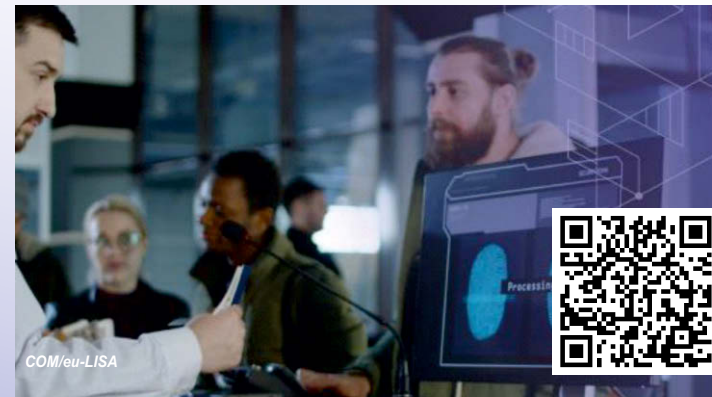


CE DREPTURI AVEȚI?

EES vă garantează dreptul:

- **de a avea acces la datele ce vă vizează:** puteți vedea dacă datele dvs. sunt înregistrate sau nu în EES;
- **de a cere rectificarea datelor inexacte:** puteți să solicitați corectarea datelor eronate din EES;
- **de a cere ștergerea datelor stocate ilegal în sistem:** puteți să solicitați ștergerea datelor, dacă acest lucru este permis de lege.

Mai multe informații cu privire la drepturile dumneavoastră în context EES sunt disponibile la adresa <https://www.politiadefrontiera.ro/ro/main/pg-protectia-datelor-44.html>





Internal Security Fund

MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS



MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS



DIRECTORATE FOR EXTERNAL NON-REIMBURSABLE FUNDS
RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY

GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF EUROPEAN AFFAIRS,
SCHENGEN AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

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WHAT IS THE ENTRY / EXIT SYSTEM?

A modern, more efficient system for border management, that will replace the manual passport stamping throughout most of Europe.

The Entry/ Exit system will apply to non-EU nationals traveling to European countries using the EES system for a short stay (that is, for up to 90 days in a 180-day period), whether or not they need a short stay visa. There are some exceptions. Entry refusals will also be recorded in the system.

The European countries using EES are: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Croatia.

In Cyprus and Ireland, passports will continue to be stamped manually.



<https://epthinktank.eu/2017/10/19/smart-borders-eu-entryexit-system-plenary-podcast/>

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Entry
Exit
System



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WHAT ARE YOUR RIGHTS?

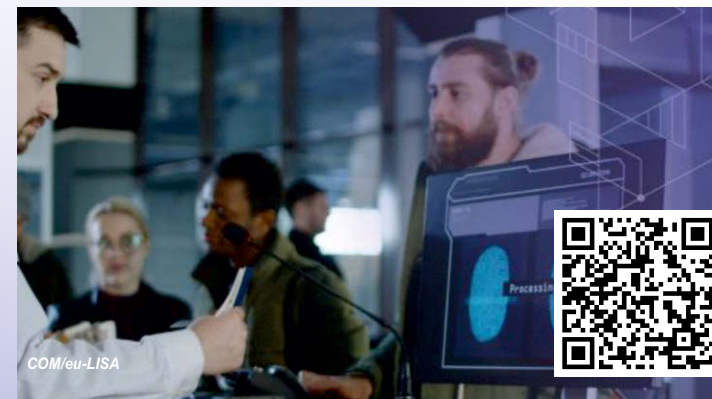
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More information about your rights

in EES context is available at

<https://www.politiadefrontiera.ro/en/main/pg-protection-of-personal-data-44.html>



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